ENGINEERING TOMORROW



User Guide

Intelligent Purger System (IPS 8) for Ammonia Technical data, installation and use





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Legal notice

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This product information should be supplemented with the information about the industrial safety and health related regulations at the site of installation of the product. The regulations vary from place to place as a result of the statutory regulations applicable at the site of installation and are therefore not considered in this product information.

In addition to this product information and the accident prevention regulations applicable for the respective country and area where the product is used, the technical regulations for safe and professional work must also be observed.

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EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Danfoss A/S

Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Controls

declares under our sole responsibility that the

Product category: Intelligent Purger System (Air Purger)

Type designation(s): IPS 8

 $Covered \ by \ this \ declaration \ is \ in \ conformity \ with \ the \ following \ directive (s), \ standard (s) \ or \ other \ normative$ document(s), provided that the product is used in accordance with our instructions.

Machine Directive 2006/42/EC

EN 378-2:2016 Refrigerating systems and heat pumps - Safety and environmental requirements - Part 2: Design, construction, testing, marking and documentation

IEC 60204-1:2018 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - Part 1:

Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU (PED)

EN 378-2:2016 Refrigerating systems and heat pumps - Safety and environmental requirements - Part 2: Design, construction, testing, marking and documentation

Ammonia side (R717): Category A4P3. Fluid group: 1. PS = 40 bar. TS: -40 $^{\circ}$ C to 60 $^{\circ}$ C R452A side: Category 1. Fluid group: 2. PS = 28 bar. TS: -40 °C to 60 °C

Ambient temperature: -10 °C to 43 °C

Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU (EMC)

EIC 61000-6-2 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity standard for industrial environments (IEC77/488/CDV:2015)

EN 61000-6-4 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial

Note: EMC test performed with cable length < 30m.

Date: YYYY.MM.DD Place of issue:	Issued by	Date: YYYY.MM.DD Place of issue:	Approved by	
	Signature: Name: Su Cheong Ho		 Signature: Name: Behzad Parastar	
	Title: Lead Design Engineer		Title: Product Manager	

Danfoss only vouches for the correctness of the English version of this declaration. In the event of the declaration being translated into any other anguage, the translator concerned shall be liable for the correctness of the translation

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Introduction

The Danfoss Intelligent Purger System (IPS 8) is a stand-alone, self-contained purging unit designed to remove non-condensable gases (NC gases = air and other unwanted foreign gases) from industrial ammonia refrigeration systems.

The IPS control can handle up to 8 purge points automatically.

The ingress of NC gases into a refrigeration system is inevitable, regardless of the refrigerant, pressures, or temperatures. NC gases in the system will result in a decrease in system efficiency, both in terms of an increase in power consumption and reduced cooling capacity.

Due to having a different density than ammonia, the ingressed air will accumulate in specific areas of the system, where it can be removed using the Danfoss IPS 8.

The accumulation areas are identified in the Connection locations section, along with recommended connection principles.

The purger unit is an electronic-controlled, selfemployed R452A refrigerant system that runs independent of the main ammonia system and with only one flange connection to the ammonia plant.

This flanged opening allows access of the ammonia gas/NC gas mix to the purger evaporator, where it is divided into ammonia condensate and NC gases. The ammonia condensate is returned by gravity to the main plant, while the NC gases are purged to the atmosphere through a water bath.

Through the flanged opening, the purger unit has access to all parameters from the ammonia plant required for full electronic control.

The unit runs automatically in 24-hour cycles, checking for the presence of NC gases and, if present, removed.

To regain the design capacity of the main ammonia system and prevent future air accumulation, it is highly recommended to install the Danfoss IPS 8.

Features

- State-of-the-art electronic controlled unit based on the Danfoss MCX controller platform
- Reduced power consumption
- Automatic purging response to NC gases in the refrigeration system
- Continuous monitoring of differential pressure between system refrigerant and purger refrigerant
- Electronic purging that minimizes refrigerant (ammonia) relief to the environment
- Self-contained unit operation, which functions independently from the main plant
- An operation log for easy purging cycle data monitoring

- Self-diagnostics for unit and system operation to shut down in case of malfunction of air purger components
- Cost-effective installation with few mechanical and electrical connection interfaces
- A fully brazed R452A cooling system, which minimizes leakage risks
- A plug-and-play stand-alone design, which eases installation and commissioning with low risk of potential errors
- No need for advanced settings
- A compact and easy-to-handle design
- Patent pending on IPS 8



Working principle

The Danfoss IPS 8 is factory-tested and ready for use in ammonia plants with a condenser pressure of more than 6 bar (87 psi). The purger is charged with 900 gram (31.7 oz) of R452A.

Only 2 mechanical connections are needed for the purger (see fig. 1). The exchange of ammonia/ NC gases with the main plant is done through the flange for ammonia access (see 13 in figure below), while the NC gas purge is done through the blow-off pipe after the purge restrictor (18).

Through the flange for ammonia access (13), a mixture of ammonia gas and NC gases enters the evaporator (12) of the purger.

This ammonia/NC mix is cooled down below the condensing temperature of the ammonia by the R452A circuit. At this point, ammonia gas condenses and returns to the ammonia plant via gravity, whereas the NC gases accumulates in the evaporator (12) for subsequent purging.

By condensing the ammonia gas, a new ammonia/NC gases mix is naturally pulled through. This new mix is separated through a continuous process.

While the NC gas concentration in the evaporator (12) increases, the R452A evaporator pressure and temperature will continuously lower.

The controller monitors R452A evaporator pressure and ammonia pressure and temperature and when R452A pressure reaches a predefined pressure differential to the ammonia pressure/ temperature, it prepares to purge the NC gases through the solenoid valve (16). The blow-off is activated by the solenoid (16) and through appropriate piping/hosing, it is led into a water bath. This process is done to retain small amounts of ammonia (see Installation section).

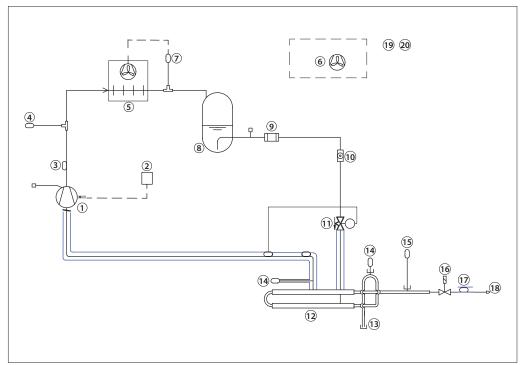


Fig. 1 - Purger R452A lay-out

1	Compressor R452A	11	Expansion valve, R452A
1	Compressor Cranck case heater	12	Evaporator, R452A
2	Thermostat for crankcase heater control	13	Welding Flange
3	Compressor Hi-temp sensor	13	Flange blind blank
4	Pressure safety switch	14	Pressure transmitter evaporator
5	Condenser coil assy	15	Pressure transmitter - R717
5	Fan motor for conderser	16	Solenoid coil, 24V
6	Extration Fan	16	Purger solenoid kit
6	Air grid with filter (2 pieces)	17	Temperature sensor - R717
7	Pressure switch for Fan	18	Restrictor, purge line
8	Reciever	19	MCX 15 Pre-programmed
9	Filter	20	PSU, 24V
10	Sigth glass		900 gram (31.7 oz) R452A



Working cycle

The Danfoss IPS 8 operates in 24-hour cycles, of which 45 minutes are dedicated to a R452A pull down. At power on, the pull down is initiated immediately. If no NC gases are detected during the 45 minute pull down, the system will close the solenoid valve at purge point 1 and open the solenoid valve at point 2. After a cycle time of 24 hours/N (Number of purge points), the compressor will pull down again condensing the ammonia. After 24 hours all purge points has been vented one time.

To identify NC gases, the controller utilizes upper and lower thresholds for R452A evaporating temperature. If, during pull down, the temperature continues decreasing and the lower threshold is passed, the controller consider

this to be a high concentration of NC gases and opens the purge solenoid valve. The purge valve will stay open until sufficient condensing ammonia is present to lift the R452A evaporating temperature above the upper threshold.

The compressor will continue running and if the temperature again decreases below the lower threshold, a new purging will be performed. This process will be repeated until the evaporator temperature stays above the lower threshold for 45 minutes after the previous closing of the purge valve.

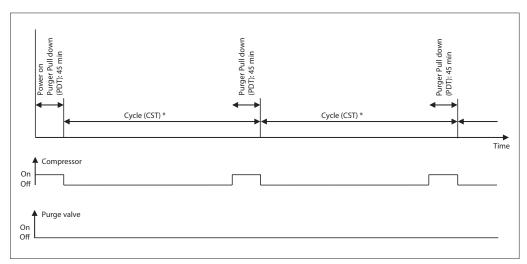


Fig. 2 - Power on & Cycle at no NC gases present: CST (compressor start time) and PDT (pull down time) are configurable * Cycle (CST) = 24 hours/N (number of purge points)

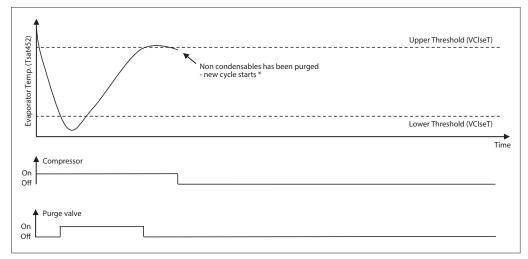


Fig. 3 - Purging procedure - Low R452A evap. temperature detected during PDT: Tresholds are configurable * If low evaporator temperature is detected (passing lower threshold), the purging procedure will be repeated immediately



Air traps

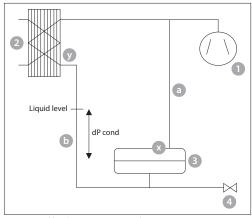


Fig. 4 Liquid level. Bottom connected receiver

For systems with low pressure liquid level control, the proper installation of the condenser/ receiver is as shown in fig. 4 and 5.

The discharge gas from the compressor (1) is led to the condenser (2) where it is condensed. The receiver (3) holds the liquid until there is a demand for liquid from the LP side, e.g., until the expansion valve (4) opens. If the expansion valve is closed, the liquid condensed in the condenser will need to be stored in the receiver and the level will increase. To secure a free flow to the receiver, the gas must be allowed to leave the receiver; this process is accomplished through the pressure equalizing line (a). The pressure equalizing line makes the pressure in the receiver the same as in the compressor discharge line. The pressure in the condenser outlet is lower due to the pressure loss in the condenser. Since the pressure is lower than in the receiver, it is necessary to mount the condenser higher than the receiver and allow for a higher liquid level in the piping between the condenser and the receiver (b).

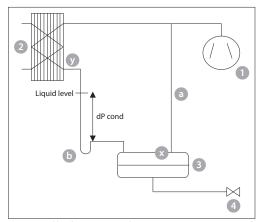


Fig. 5 Liquid level. Top connected receiver

This liquid column in the line (b) compensates for the pressure difference.

Fig. 4 shows the connection to the bottom of the receiver.

If the liquid from the condenser is connected to the top of the receiver (fig. 5), a slightly different arrangement must be made.

The liquid line (b) from the condenser to the receiver will need to have a goose neck/liquid trap to secure the additional liquid column to be established.

While air is heavier than ammonia gas, the air will collect in two locations in this type of installation: On top of the liquid in the receiver (x) or on top of the liquid in the drop leg from the condenser (y).



Connection locations

Air purger installation in a low-pressure liquid level controlled installation

The correct locations for the air purger to be connected to the ammonia plant are: (See fig. 6 and 7)

- on top of the receiver or
- on top of the liquid in the drop leg from the condenser.

The air purger (5) is connected to the two purge points through solenoid valves (px and py). Note that only one solenoid should be open at

any given time. Otherwise the liquid column in the condenser will be short-circuited. The air purger must have its own liquid return drop leg (c) connected in parallel with the condenser's drop legs (b).

When the purger is connected to the receiver, the liquid level in the air purgers drop leg (c) will be equal to the receiver level (3); when it is connected to the condenser outlet, the level will be equal to the level in the condenser drop leg (b).

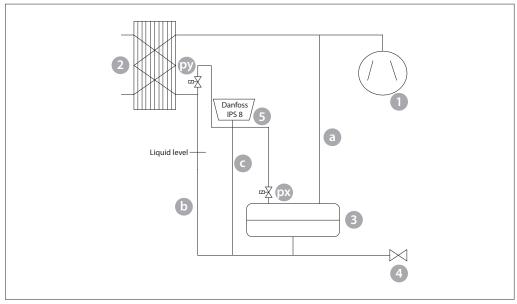


Fig. 6 Purger connections (px) & (py). Drain piping (c) must be vertical/downward slope

Alternatively, the air purger draining of liquid can be done through an HP float valve (6) to the low pressure side (see fig. 7).

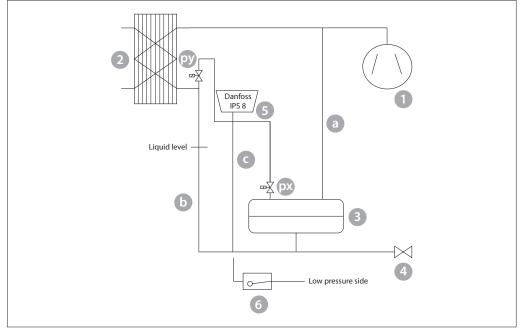


Fig. 7 Purger connections (px) & (py). Drain piping (c) must be vertical/downward slope



Connection locations *(continued)*

Air purger installation in a high-pressure liquid level controlled installation

For systems with a high-pressure liquid level control, the air will collect in the float valve (3). (See fig. 8).

For this reason, all float valves have been fitted with a small bypass to avoid the air affecting the function of the float valve. The compressor (1) supplies high-pressure gas to the condenser (2), where it is condensed.

The float valve (3) will flash any liquid back to the LP side. The air purger (5) must be connected to the float valve through a solenoid valve (pv). The ammonia liquid condensed in the air purger must be drained through drain pipe (c) to the LP side through a float valve (6).

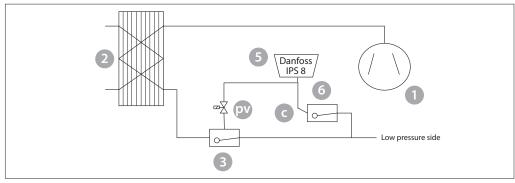


Fig. 8 Purger connections (pv). Drain Piping (c) must be vertical/downward slope

General



The air purger must always be mounted above the highest liquid level to be able to drain the ammonia condensed in it. Otherwise, the air purger will be flooded and it can potentially purge ammonia liquid.

The purger liquid return legs (c) must always be vertical or with a downward slope. Never let drain liquid flow upwards.

The solenoid valves at the connection points must never be activated at the same time. Finalize purging at one location before switching to the next.



WARNING!

Cod. 99000572

Follow the installation guide strictly during Purger installation. Install the Purger unit in a location where the bottom flange level and any gas inlet connection level is above any possible ammonia liquid level.

Liquid drain piping from the purger must always have a downward slope.

Install a shut off valve close to the bottom flange entrance to enable removal of the unit and closing for high pressure ammonia gas.

Connect proper resistant piping to the purging outlet pipe and make sure the purged non-condensables is discharged into a water bath of max. 200 liter.



Connection points

Single point or multi-point purging

Single point purging is the basic setup in the Danfoss IPS 8 unit.

The installation should be done as shown in fig. 9 on top of the receiver or a float valve. (See connection locations).

The supply and drainage are mechanically controlled, with no special configuration in the purger control required.

The purger unit is able to handle up to 8 purge points in total (see fig. 10).

Separate control of the supply solenoids must be setup.

This control should be based on a timer and must be established at site.

N = number of purge points

The solenoid activation control must activate/ deactivate each individual solenoid in a sequence of 24/N hour (example 3 purge points – 24/3 = 8 hour).

NEVER HAVE MORE THAN 1 POINT OPEN AT A TIME.

Always close one valve before opening the next.

The integrated Danfoss purger control needs to be adapted to the actual number of purging points during configuration.

This is done by activating the multipurger (label y02) and entering the number of actual purge points in the program. See section "Programming/configuration".

Please contact Danfoss for instructions on multipoint purging activation.

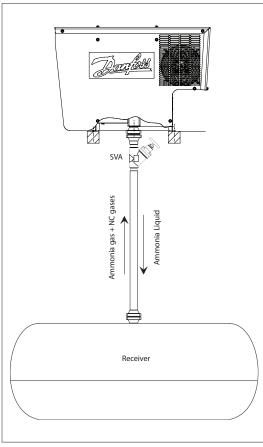


Fig. 9 Single point purging from receiver

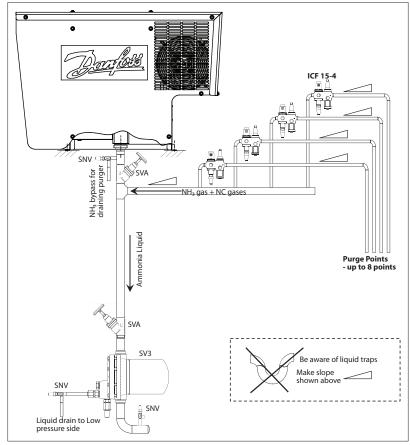


Fig. 10 Multi-point purging from up to 8 purging points



Installation

The Danfoss IPS 8 should be installed in accordance with locations recommended in the Connection locations and Connection points sections.

The unit is IP55 and can be installed outside, where it will operate from -10 °C to 43 °C 14 °F to 109 °F) ambient temperature. Avoid installation in direct sunlight as this might cause too high ambient temperature. For ambient temperatures below -10 °C (14 °F) the air purger shall be installed in a heated and ventilated area. The unit shall be installed in a non-ATEX atmosphere as the purger unit is not explosion proof

The purger unit should be kept in an upright position all the way from receipt to final installation.

Use all 4 lifting eyes and appropriate lifting gear during installation (unit weight 100 kg/220 lbs).

Install the unit on a horizontal construction 0.05 to 1.1 meter (2 to 43 in) above a service platform with sufficient support and allowing the purger subframe to be bolted to the support (see example in fig. 12). Maintain recommended distances in all directions (fig. 12) to allow fan cooling and service.

Allways leave the unit 12 hours from finished installation before first time switching on



It is important that the support construction is level to ensure the internal liquid trap is properly filled. Angle to horizontal < 2 degrees

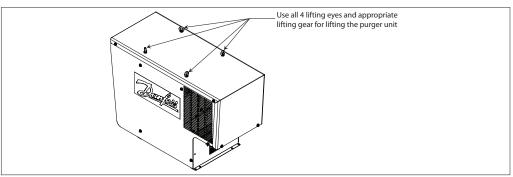


Fig. 11

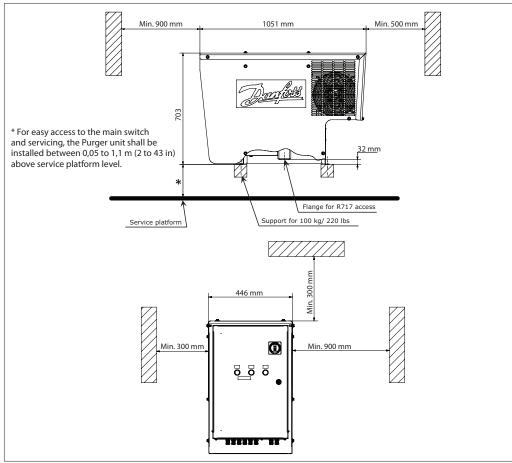


Fig. 12 Installation dimensions



Installation (continued)

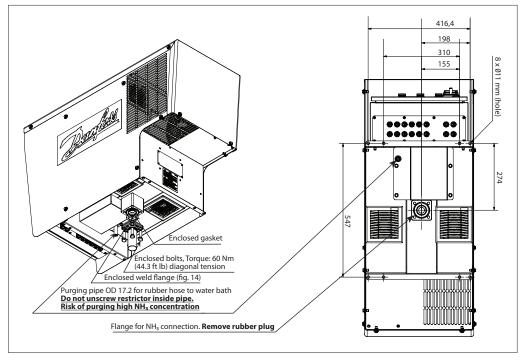


Fig. 13 Ammonia connection

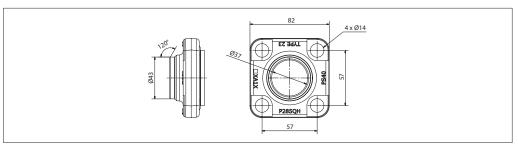


Fig. 14 Enclosed weld flange

Prepare the ammonia pipe work with the weld flange according to fig. 13 and 14. The main/drain piping should never be smaller than inner diameter Ø37 mm (1.5 in).

Establish the support construction able to carry 100 kg (221 lbs).

Lift the purger into position using the lifting eyes on each side of the cabinet.

Remove the rubber plug from the flange opening.

Connect the weld flange with the purger flange using the enclosed flat gasket and tighten the 4 bolts diagonally to a torque of 60 Nm (44.3 ft-lb).

Insert 4 bolts through the purger frame and the support construction and tighten.

Perform a leak test to ensure tight connection.

In case the purger unit needs to be dismantled please contact Danfoss for instructions.

Establish a proper pipe/hose from the purge solenoid valve for blow-off of NC gases according to local or national regulations.

Prepare an outside water tank with a maximum of 200 liters (53 gal.) and make sure the piping allows the purged gas to be immersed in the water.

Regularly check the Ph value of the tank's contents.

The Ph value should never exceed 12.6 else the content must be renewed.

Dispose of highly concentrated waste water according to local/national regulations.



Note: Prior to replacing the water in the water tank it must be secured that the purger is switched off and the shut off valve at the flanged purger inlet is closed. Leave the unit in this condition for a period to allow the remaining gas in the piping to be dissolved/escaped.

Watch out for bubbles.

Establish a procedure for regular check of Ph and bubble pattern.

If continuous bubbles are observed in the water tank during "stand by" (Green light indicator) in normal operation the purge solenoid valve needs repair or replacement.



Electrical wiring

The internal wiring of the purger is done at the factory. Only the electrical wiring for the main power supply, the purge point solenoids and optional bus communication must be done on site.

It is recommended to protect all external cables from the IPS 8 to the power supply and to all purge point solenoids by metallic pipes.

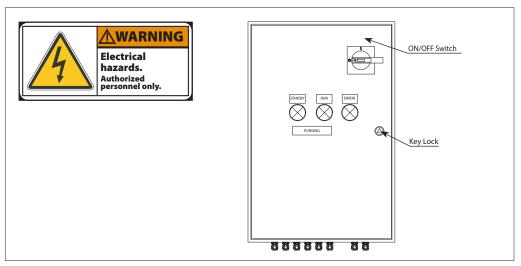


Fig. 15 Controller box external

Controller box cover can only be opened at key unlock and main switch off.

Note: Authorized personel only

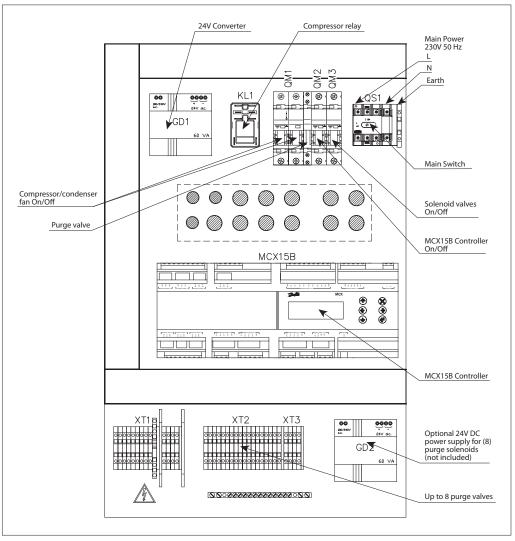


Fig. 16 Controller box internal

Electrical wiring *(continued)*

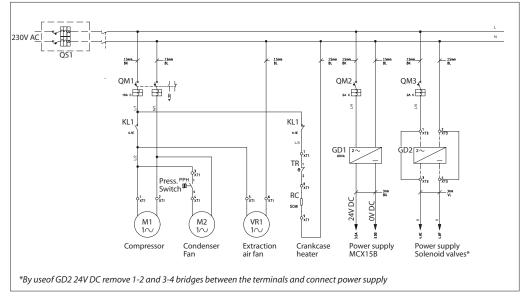


Fig. 17 Power Supply

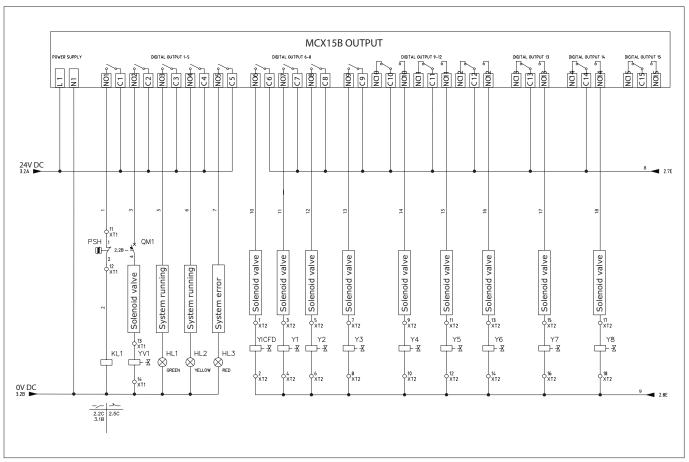


Fig. 18 Controller MCX15B Inputs and Outputs



Electrical wiring

(continued)

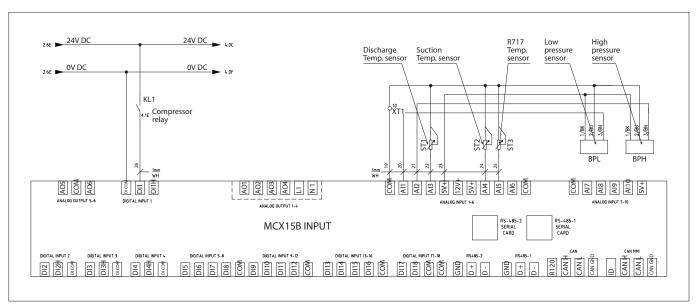


Fig. 19 Controller MCX15B Inputs

Light Indicators

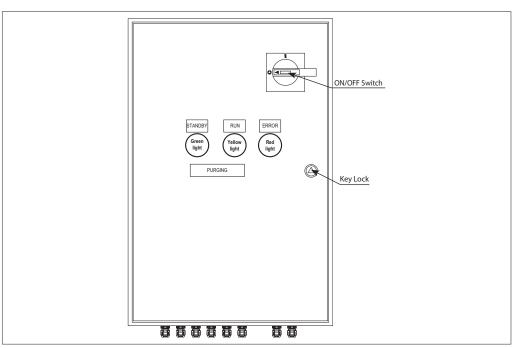


Fig. 20

Lights ON	Status	Compressor ON	Compressor OFF	Purge Valve ON	Purge Valve OFF	Alarm
Green	Stand by		X		×	
Yellow	Run	Х			Х	
Green & Yellow	Purging	Х		Х		
Green & Yellow & Red	Uninterupted Long time purging (> 150 h)	х		x*		
Red	Occurs when: Check list of alarms description	(x**)	X**			х

^{*} The purger continuous purging until max running period (default 160 h) is reached and the purger compressor will stop
**The purger compressor stops when alarm occurs

Display

After switching on the controller, a display window will momentarily show the actual software version, followed by the default main operating window shown in fig. 21.

While in operation mode, the Up/Down arrows lead to the status windows mentioned in the table below.

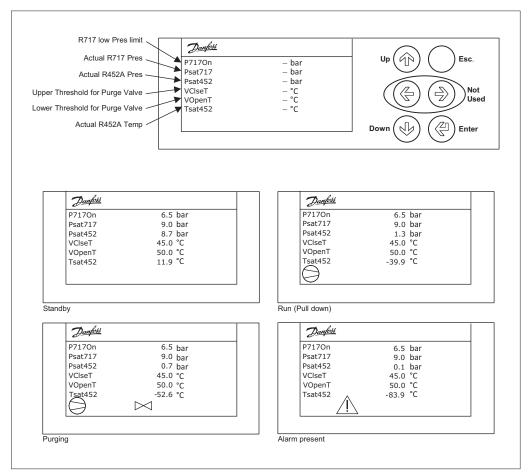


Fig. 21 - Default main window. Operating (start) mode. (Examples only)

Purge Point percentage	1	Distribution of the actual purging on the various purge points
Dis. temp.	1	Actual R452A discharge temperature (°C)
Main Window	default	See above
Cycle info	1	Acc. time Purge valve open (h)
Past events	1	Last 7 purging events (min)



Programming/Configuration

By pressing the main menu will show up with below options

Main Menu	Submenu	Submenu/status	Submenu/status	Min	Max	Default	Description	Label
		No alarm						
Alarms	Active alarms	up to 15 alarms (see table below)					Up to 15 possible alarms listed by arrow up/down	
	Reset alarms						Reset all actual alarms	
	Log history						View log history	
	Clear log history						Clear log history	
Login	Password	***				200	N/A	
Start	Turn On						Main swith ON	
Start	Turn Off						Main swith OFF	
		Compressor		0 sec	100 sec	20 sec	SDT (Compressor start delay)	CM2
				5 min	2000 min	45 min	PDT (Pull down time)	CM3
Parameters				180 min	2000 min	1440 min	CST (Cycle time)	CM4
	Unit config			24 hours	768 hours	160 hours	PLT (Endless purging max time)	VA5
				0 bar	5 bar	0.5 bar	Comp Diff (Hysteresis min allowed ammonia pressure)	CM5
		Limits settings		0 bar	12 bar	6.5 bar	Setpoint (Min allowed ammonia pressure)	CM1
Input/Output							Input / Output Display & Config	

Occurring active alarms, possible reasons and recommended action

Code	Modbus address	Alarm	Description	Possible reason	Recommended action	
A01	1901 .08	General alarm	Adjustable external alarm (default not used)	Fault in system connected to the DIO4	Contact contractor	
E01	1901 .09	Temp. Sensor Fault	Electrical failure to R452A Temp. sensor	Cut wire	Repair the wiring	
E02	1901 .10	BPL Sensor Fault	Electrical failure to Ammonia Pressure sensor	Cut wire	Repair the wiring	
E03	1901 .11	BPH Sensor Fault	Electrical failure to R452A Pressure sensor	Cut wire	Repair the wiring	
E04	1901 .12	Low temperature	R452A Temp. too low	Low ambient temperature	Wait for higher ambient temp. or move IPS to a place with high ambient temp	
E05	1901 .13	Hi temperature	R452A Temp. too high	Hi ambient temperature	Wait for lower ambient temp. or move IPS to a place with lower ambient temp.	
E06	1901 .14	Low pressure BPL	Ammonia Pressure too low	Closed stop valve	Open inlet stop valve	
E07	1901 .15	Hi pressure BPL	Ammonia Pressure too high	Ammonia system pressure too high	Wait for lower pressure	
E08	1901.00	Low pressure BPH	R452A Pressure too low	Low R452A charge	Find and repair leak, evacuate and recharge with R452A	
E09	1901 .01	Hi pressure BPH	R452A Pressure too high	Ammonia system pressure too high	Wait for lower pressure	
E10	1901 .02	System is OFF	System is Off (*)	Main switch is OFF	Switch ON the main switch	
E11	1901 .03	Memory is full	Memory is full	Memory is full from long time operation	Clean the memory in the MCX	
E12	1901 .04	Total purge time error	Total purge time exceeded	Restrictor is plugged	Replace the restrictor	
E13	1901 .05	Compressor error	No feedback from KL1 relay	Wiring from MCX is cut	Repair the wiring	

Code	Possible reason	Recommended action	Possible reason	Recommended action	Possible reason	Recommended action
E01	Faulty sensor	Replace sensor	Measurement out of range	Check actual pressure. Replace sensor if needed		
E02	Faulty sensor	Replace sensor	Measurement out of range	Check actual pressure. Replace sensor if needed		
E03	Faulty sensor	Replace sensor	Measurement out of range	Check actual pressure. Replace sensor if needed		
E05	Low R452A charge	Find and repair leak, evacuate and recharge with R452A				
E06	Rubber plug in flange not removed	Remove rubber plug				
E08	Expansion valve may be clogged or have lost charge	Replace expansion valve				
E09	Expansion valve may be clogged or have lost charge	Replace expansion valve	Condenser fan is not running properly	Clean or Replace fan or fan motor	Air in the R452A circuit	Empty vacuum and recharge R452A
E12	Large hole in ammonia system	Isolate the hole and close it				

All alarms except (*) activates red light on box outside

For alarms not resettable and/or cause not identified please contact Danfoss

Programming/Configuration

(continued)

Bus and Map

Label	Description	Value	Unit	Decimals	Level	R/W Mode	Enumeration	Modbus Address (ADU)
GENER/	AL > SETUP					<u>'</u>		
y01	ON/OFF	1 = ON		0	0	R/W	OFF;ON	3001
y02	Activate Multipurger	0 = NO		0	3*	R/W	NO;YES	3002
	UNIT CONFIG > COMPRESSOR							
CM3	PDT	45	min	0	0	R/W		3015
CM4	CST	1440	min	0	0	R/W		3016
VA5	PLT	160	h	0	0	R/W		3017
	UNIT CONFIG > LIMITS SETTINGS							
CM5	Comp Diff	0,5		1	0	R/W		3033
CM1	Setpoint	6,5	bar	1	0	R/W		3034
	STATUS VAR > MCX DESIGN HOTSPOTS							
C01	Reset Alarms	0		0	0	R/W		1859
V02	SystemOnOff	0		0	0	Read		8101
V03	ValveStatus	0		0	0	Read		8102
V04	CompressorStatus	0		0	0	R/W		8103
V05	ALARActive	0		0	0	Read		8104
V06	PressTotemp	0		1	0	Read		8105
V07	ValveCount	0		0	0	Read		8106
V08	ComprTime	0		0	0	Read		8108
V09	COmprStartAfter	0		0	0	Read		8110
V10	ResetMem	0		0	0	R/W		9901
V11	ValveHour	0		1	0	Read		8112
V12	StatusKL	0		0	0	Read		8114
V13	WaringCompr	0		0	0	Read		8115
V14	ValveSetpoint	0		0	0	Read		8116
V15	ValveClose	0		0	0	Read		8117
V16	Event1	0		1	0	Read		8119
V17	Event2	0		1	0	Read		8120
V18	Event3	0		1	0	Read		8121
V19	Event4	0		1	0	Read		8122
V20	Event5	0		1	0	Read		8123
V21	Event6	0		1	0	Read		8124
V22	Event7	0		1	0	Read		8125
V23	PP1	0		0	0	Read		8126
V24	PP2	0		0	0	Read		8128
V25	PP3	0		0	0	Read		8130
V26	PP4	0		0	0	Read		8132
V27	PP5	0		0	0	Read		8134
V28	PP6	0		0	0	Read		8136
V29	PP7	0		0	0	Read		8138
V30	PP8	0		0	0	Read		8140
V31	Val1	0		0	0	Read		8142
V32	Val2	0		0	0	Read		8143
V33	Val3	0		0	0	Read		8144
V34	Val4	0		0	0	Read		8145
V35	Val5	0		0	0	Read		8146
V36	Val6	0		0	0	Read		8147
V37	Val7	0		0	0	Read		8148
V38	Val8	0		0	0	Read		8149
V39	RangedVal	0		0	0	Read		8150

 $Level\ legend: 0 = Read\ view, 2 = Installer\ view\ (code\ 200)\ 3 = Danfoss\ Service\ view\ (Contact\ Danfoss)$



Maintenance/Service/ Disposal

Maintenance minimum once per year

1	Use P&I dagram and check that all powered components is working properly
2	Check for alarms in the MCX controller
3	Fans and fins shall be cleaned for dirt and dust
4	Expansion valve shall be inspected and shall be replaced if damaged
5	Ensure expansion valves sensor bulb has good contact with suction line
6	Replace water in water bubble bath. Check Ph level frequently and replace when Ph > 12.6
7	Check cover is mounted correctly and all bolts are tightened
8	Check and verify the amperage of the unit
9	Check for compressor noices in normal operating conditions (may indicate loos bolts, worn bearings or pistons)

Procedure to isolate IPS for service

	Multipoint	Single point
1	Close the individual supply of gas line(s) from the ammonia system. Do not close any stop valve between IPS 8 and float valve	Restart the controller to force pump down
2	Restart the controller to force pump down	Wait 10 – 20 minutes
3	Wait 10 – 20 minutes	Close the stop valve in the ammonia drain line under the IPS 8
4	Stop the compressor by switching of the compressor fuse	Stop the compressor by switching of the compressor fuse
5	Close the stop valve in the ammonia drain line under the IPS 8	Close the stop valve in the ammonia drain line under the IPS 8
6	Relief the remaining system pressure down to ambient pressure by opening the AKVA using a permanent magnet or a possible SNV purge valve mounted in the inlet line (see fig.10)	Relief the remaining system pressure down to ambient pressure by opening the AKVA using a permanent magnet or a possible SNV purge valve mounted in the inlet line (see fig.10)

Disposal of the IPS 8 If an IPS 8 unit is worn out and has to be replaced the disposal must be done in accordance with national legislation and only done by competent personnel.



Technical data

Supply voltage	230V AC, 1ph, 50Hz
Current	5.7 A (max. 6.5 A)
Power consumption	max. 1.3 kW
Short-circuit current rating	Icc 10kA
Temperature range ambient	-10 °C to +43 °C (14 °F to 109 °F)
Temperature range transport/storage	-30 °C to +60 °C (-22 °F to 140 °F)
Enclosure	IP55
Weight	max. 100 kg (221 lbs)
Dimensions (LxWxH)	1051 x 441 x 703 mm (41.4 x 17.4 x 27.7 inches)
Purger refrigerant	R452A 900 gram (31.7 oz)
Max. operating pressure (PS) R452A	28 bar (406 psi)
System refrigerant	R717
Min. operating pressure R717	6.5 bar (94 psi)
Max. operating pressure R717	40 bar (580 psi)
Operating temperature R717	-40 °C to +60 °C (-40 °F to 140 °F)

Ordering

Unit	Code number
Danfoss Intelligent Purger System IPS 8 unit	084H5001

Accessories/Spare parts	Accessory	Spare part	Code
Flange blind blank incl Bolts, nuts and Gaskets*	х		084H5053
SV3 Float Valve	Х		027B2023
ICF 15-4 solenoid, DIN	х		027L4543
ICF 15-4 solenoid, ANSI	х		027L4538
Welding Flange incl Bolts, nuts and Gaskets	Х		084H5055
Purger solenoid kit (Armature, tube, Sealing, Orifice, Filter insert)	Х		084H5051
Solenoid coil, 220 – 230V, 50 HZ for AKV	Х		018F6801
Solenoid coil, 24V for AKV	Х		018F6757
PSU, 24V - optional for powering purge points	Х		080Z0055
Restrictor, purge line		х	084H5054
Compressor Cranck case heater		х	084H5058
Condenser coil assy incl screws		Х	084H5059
Fan motor for condenser Incl fan grid and screws		х	084H5060
Extraction Fan		Х	084H5056
Air grid with filter (2 pieces)		Х	084H5057
Pre-programmed MCX 15		Х	084H5052
Pressure transmitter evaporator, soldered (AKS 32R)		х	060G3552
Compressor including Start relay box and Start and Run Capacitor		х	123F2126
Compressor Hi-temp sensor		х	084N2003
Expansion valve, R452A		Х	068U3881
Sigth glass		х	014-0191
Pressure transmitter - R717, Threaded, AKS2050		Х	060G5750
Thermostat for crankcase heater control		х	060L111166
Temperature sensor - R717, AKS 21M		Х	084N2003
Pressure switch for Fan		х	Contact Danfoss
Pressure safety switch		х	Contact Danfoss

^{*} For closing system flange during system pressure testing





ENGINEERING TOMORROW



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